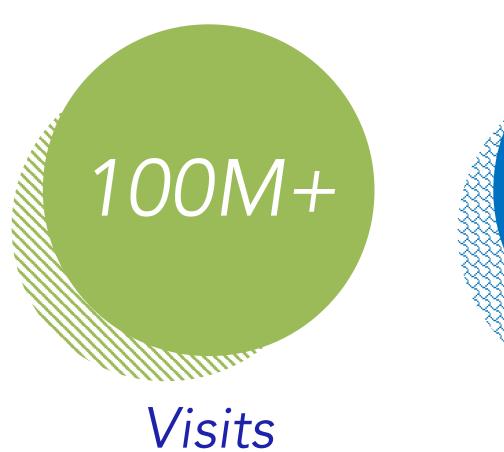
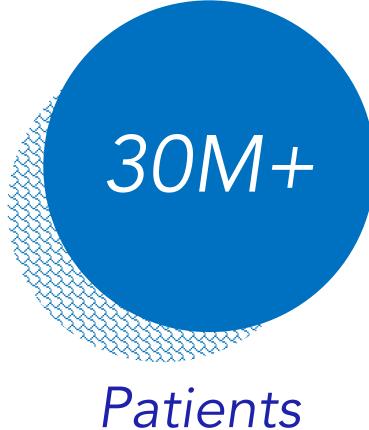
Use of CEDR Big Data for Elucidating COVID-19's Impact on Emergency Care

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What is CEDR?

 The American College of Emergency Physicians' (ACEP) Clinical Emergency Data Registry (CEDR) is the first Emergency Medicine specialty-wide registry.







Generating New Science

Collecting CEDR Data

Mapping

Normalization

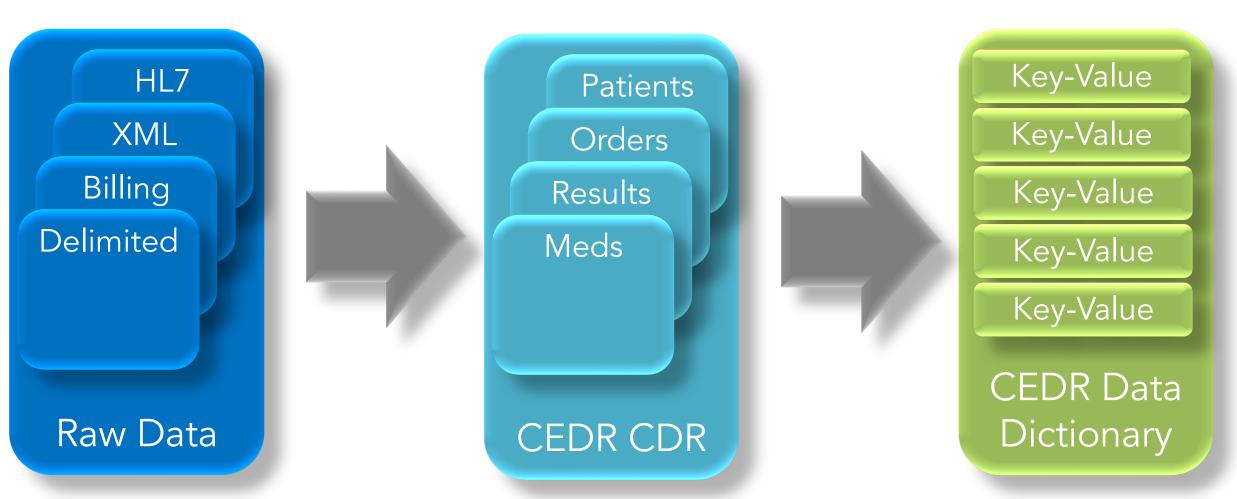
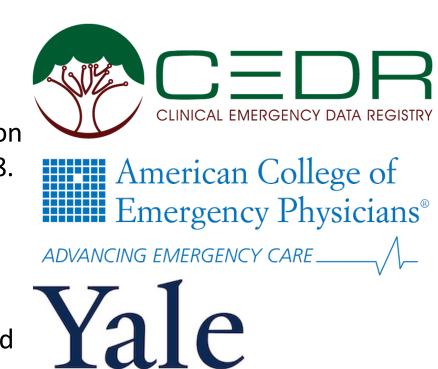


Figure 1. CEDR Collection, Mapping & Normalization Architecture

- Data are collected on a site-by-site basis with site-specific timelines. This can result in a short data lag.
- All data are normalized before being pushed into the Clinical Data Repository to be queried.

† Venkatesh, AK, Janke, At, Li, S, et al. Emergency Department Utilization for Emergency Conditions During COVID-19, Ann Emerg Med. 2021;1–8. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.annemergmed.2021.01.011

‡ American College of Emergency Physicians. (2022). Covid-19 Data Visualization. ACEP - COVID-19. Retrieved April 20, 2022, from https://www.acep.org/corona/covid-19-data-visualization/ § National Syndromic Surveillance Program. (2022). ACEP COVID-19 and ED Utilization Syndromic Data. [Data file]. Irving, TX: American College of Emergency Physicians Clinical Affairs Division.



COVID-19's Impact on EM Visits Omicron Wave **COVID-Like ED Visits ED Volumes Plummet COVID-19 Cases Start** to Spike

Figure 2. US Emergency department visits from January 2019-March2022.‡§

Querying CEDR for COVID-19 and **Emergency Conditions**

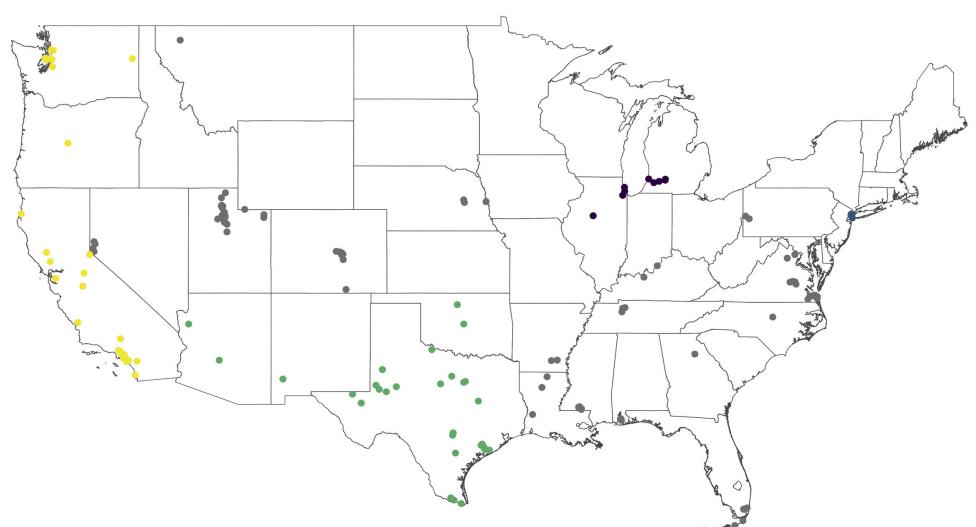
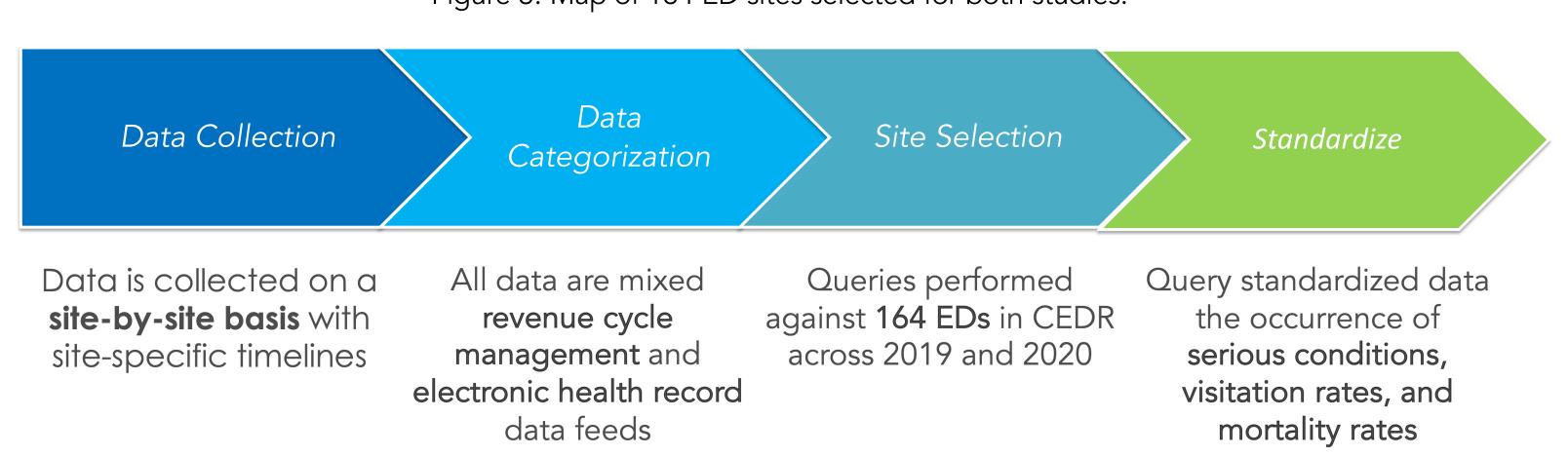


Figure 3. Map of 164 ED sites selected for both studies.[†]



Use Case: ED Visit Surveillance During the COVID-19 Pandemic



•Excluded all inactive data streams •Excluded sites where EHR feeds were not normalized or complete

LOWESS

Poisson Regression Modeling

Incident Rate Ratios

Retrospective Findings

Nationwide

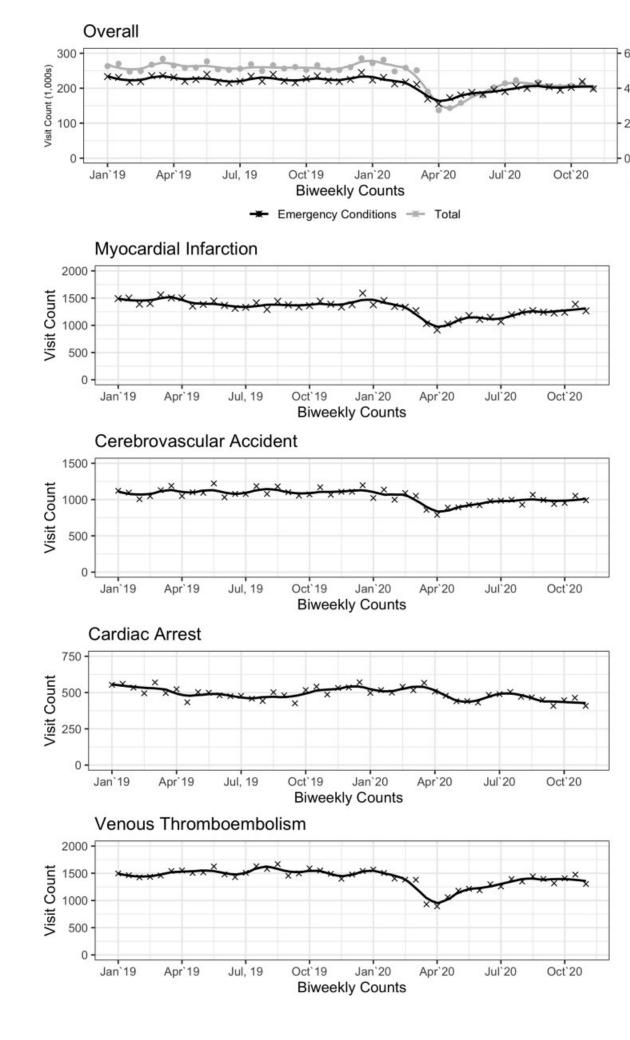


Figure 4. Total and select emergency condition biweekly ED visit counts.[†]

The decline in ED visits for these timesensitive conditions suggests COVID-19 may continue to impede patients from seeking essential care.

In Older Adults (40+)

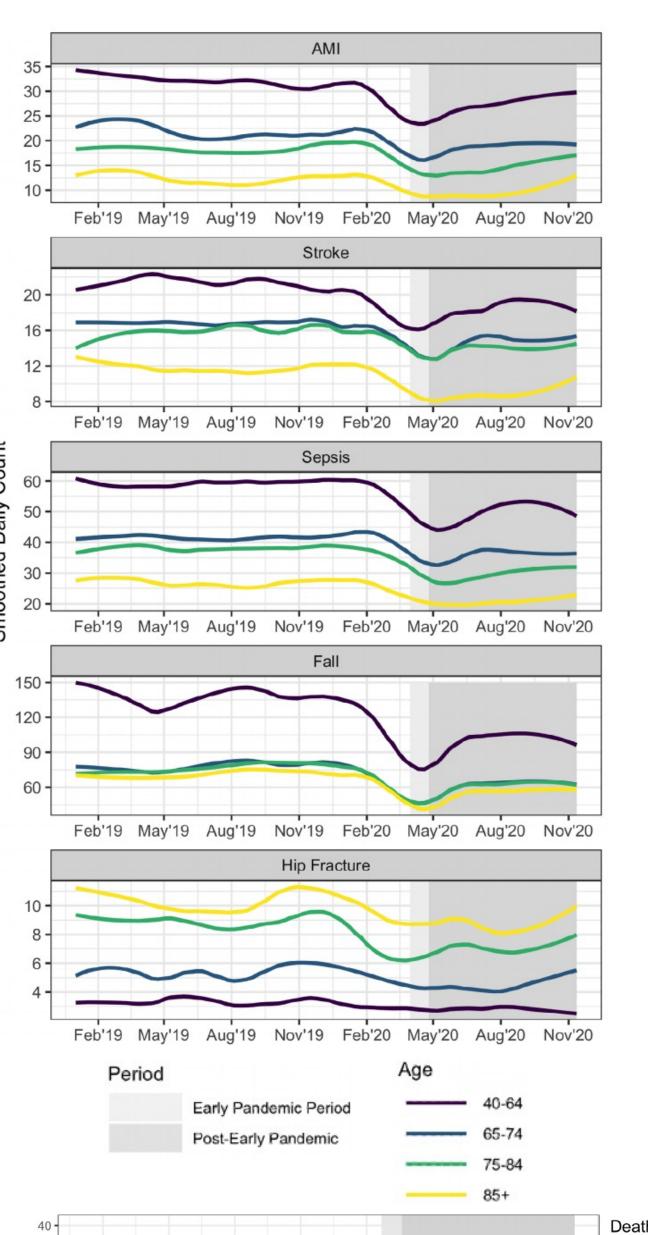


Figure 5. ED visit counts for select conditions by age category.*

The decline in ED visits for emergent conditions in older adults might explain excess mortality seen nationwide during the COVID-19 pandemic.*

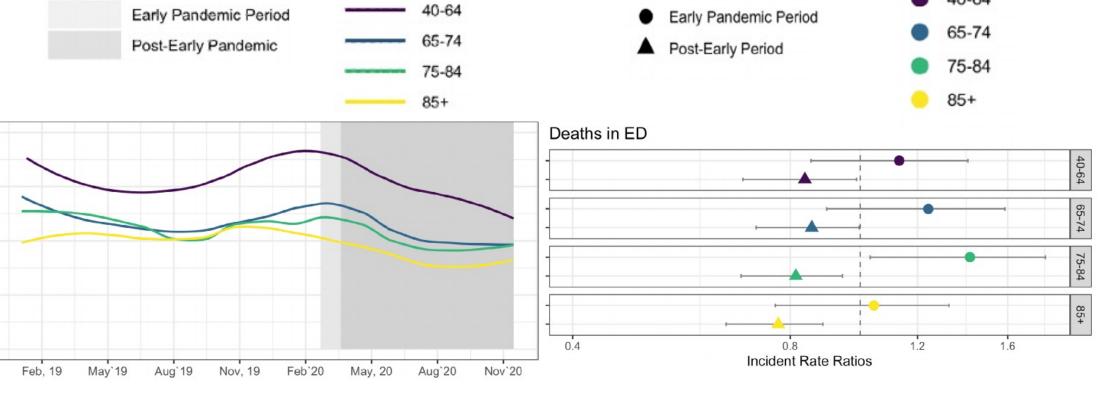


Figure 6. Emergency department (ED) deaths in ED, counts, and incident rate ratios by age. Smoothed daily counts for deaths in ED are reported by age category.*

^{*} Janke, AT, Jain, S, Hwang, U, et al. Emergency department visits for emergent conditions among older adults during the COVID-19 pandemic. J Am Geriatr Soc. 2021; 19. https://doi.org/10.1111/jgs.17227